

TKT: CLIL Part 2: Activity types - trainer's notes

Description

This activity presents participants with a range of different activity types used in CLIL contexts. Participants discuss examples of activities, do a loop game to identify different activities then they match activities from subjects across the curriculum with their purpose. They do a sample task from TKT: CLIL Part 2.

Time required:	50 minutes
Materials required:	 Participant's Worksheet 1 (one set of cards cut up for each group of three or four participants) Participant's Worksheet 2 (one set of cards cut up for each pair of participants) Participant's Worksheet 3 (one for each participant) Sample Task (one for each participant)
Aims:	

- to know how to describe a range of activities used in CLIL contexts
- to understand why particular activities are used
- to be able to identify activity types and their purposes

Procedure

- 1. Before the session, copy Participant's Worksheets 1, 2 and 3 and the Sample Task as follows:
 - Participant's Worksheet 1: copy and cut so there are enough cards for each small group of participants.
 - Participant's Worksheet 2: copy and cut so there is one card for each pair
 - Participant's Worksheet 3 and Sample Task: one copy for each participant.
- **2.** Write the following on the board:

gap-fill

labelling

matching

multiple choice

true/false

Elicit that these are different activity types. Tell participants they can find examples of these and other language activities in the TKT Handbook and the online TKT teaching resources (Module 1). Explain that in addition to these, in TKT: CLIL there are some different activities.

3. Put participants into small groups of 3 or 4 and hand out a set of cut up cards from Participant's Worksheet 1 to each group. Challenge them to see how quickly they can put the eight cards in order to make an acrostic (when each letter of the word starts another word or phrase. (ACTIVITY) Feed back the acrostic (see Participant's Worksheet 1 for a key: there is more than one way to order the letters because the

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letter 'i' is used twice in 'activity'). If participants can't make the word after 3 minutes, tell them the answer.

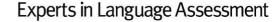
- **4.** Elicit examples of subjects which might use these activities, e.g. analysing sources history documents; 'yes, no' binary keys science, identifying groups of animals.
- **5.** Explain how important it is to encourage learners to communicate subject-specific language. Tell participants there are activities which help learners review new language interactively, for example:
 - · loop (domino) games
 - · hot seat activities
 - · pyramid discussions.

You are now going to demonstrate a loop activity which also defines some other interactive activities.

- 6. Put participants in pairs and give each pair one card from Participants' Worksheet
 2. Ask the pair with the first card (on which the definition is asterisked) to read out the definition. The pairs need to decide if this definition matches the activity type on the left side of their card. The pair who has the defined activity then reads out the name of the activity. If everyone agrees, this pair then reads out the definition on the right side of their card. The game continues in this way until the loop is completed by returning to the definition of the word on the top of the first card, i.e. loop game. (For Key, see Participant's Worksheet 2, where the cards are in the correct order.)
- **7.** Review the game and elicit ways in which this activity can be used in the CLIL classroom, e.g. to review subject vocabulary.
- **8.** Explain it is important that learners as well as teachers know the purpose of using an activity. Hand out **Participant's Worksheet 3** to pairs of participants. Tell them they match the activity with its purpose. Check answers with another pair then take feedback (**see Key below**). Feed back some of participants examples of activities which match the purposes listed A–F.
- Give out the Sample Task. Ask participants to complete the task on their own then compare answers with a partner. Check answers with the whole group. (See Key below).
- **10.** Plenary to summarise points covered. Ask participants:
 - What is the TKT: CLIL Module syllabus area for this lesson? (activity types)
 - What are candidates being tested on? (Candidates are tested on their knowledge of types of activities for CLIL and their purposes.)

How can candidates prepare for this area of the syllabus? (Candidates can read about the activity types in the TKT: CLIL Handbook which is on the Cambridge ESOL website).

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Additional information

- See TKT: CLIL Handbook for a list of further activity types
- See TKT: CLIL Handbook for a further example of a test from Part 2: Activity Types
- The **TKT**: **CLIL Handbook** and the **TKT**: **CLIL Glossary** are available to download at http://www.cambridgeenglish.org/exams-and-qualifications/tkt/how-to-prepare/
- The terms on Participant's Worksheet 1 can be found in the TKT: CLIL Glossary.
- CLIL uses some activities which are specific to subject learning in addition to those
 used in English language classes. See the Teaching Resources activity for TKT
 Module 1: Types of activities and tasks for language and skills development for
 further activities common to ELT and CLIL classrooms.
- See also link to further TKT: CLIL materials at www.cambridge.org/elt/tktclil

TKT: CLIL Part 2: Activity types - trainer's notes



TKT: CLIL Part 2: Activity types - answer keys

Key to Participant's Worksheet 3

Learners in groups write two things they liked about another group's PowerPoint presentation and one thing that could be improved.	E to encourage peer feedback
Learners do a role-play activity with one learner in the hot seat as a famous politician	D to develop learners' questioning skills
Learners in pairs have one minute write down words to describe 3D shapes	to A to activate prior knowledge
Learners use a Venn diagram to compare and contrast two product designs	F to check understanding of how to show similarities and differences
5) Learners play a loop game with wo related to the economy and their definitions	rds B to check understanding of subject- specific vocabulary
Learners read the data from three experiments and hypothesise why they are so different	

Key to Sample Task

1 D 2 C 3 A 4 A 5 B 6 D 7 A

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TKT: CLIL Part 2: Activity types - Participant's Worksheet 1

Cards to be cut up

Analysing data, samples, sources		
<u>C</u> lassifying information		
<u>T</u> able completion		
Identification keys		
Vocabulary matching		
Internet searches		
Transferring information		
Yes, no binary keys		



TKT: CLIL Part 2: Activity types - Participant's Worksheet 2

Cards to be cut up

ards to be cut up		
Loop game	* Categorising a list of facts about different sports and agreeing on the criteria	
Classifying information	Finding information about different artists from the internet	
Web searches	Acting a role as a famous person while the rest of the class ask you questions	
Hot seat	Drawing 2D maths shapes into a Carroll diagram	
Transferring information	Individually deciding which six musical instruments should be used to play a piece of music; agreeing with a partner then agreeing with a group	
Pyramid discussion	Reading yes, no questions about different rocks and deciding which type of rock to write in each box	
Identification key	Look at the information about life in 1750 and look at the drawing in the book. What was different about life then and life today?	
Analysing sources	Listening to a definition, matching it with the word written on a card then reading aloud the next word to be defined	

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TKT: CLIL Part 2: Activity types - Participant's Worksheet 3

Match the activities with their purpose.

Learners in groups write two things they liked about another group's PowerPoint presentation and one thing that could be improved.	A to activate prior knowledge
Learners do a role-play activity with one learner in the hot seat as a famous politician	B to check understanding of subject- specific vocabulary
Learners in pairs have one minute to write down words to describe 3D shapes	C to develop higher order thinking skills
Learners use a Venn diagram to compare and contrast two product designs	D to develop learners' questioning skills
5) Learners play a loop game with words related to the economy and their definitions	E to encourage peer feedback
Learners read the data from three experiments and hypothesise why they are so different	F to check understanding of how to show similarities and differences

When you have finished and checked your answers, share some examples of activities which match the purposes listed A–F that you use in your classes.



TKT: CLIL Part 2: Activity types – Sample Task

For questions **1 – 7**, match the teachers' comments about doing activities with the purpose of the activities listed **A – D**.

Mark the correct letter (**A – D**) on your answer sheet.

You will need to use some of the options more than once.

Purpose of activities

- A to review subject-specific vocabulary
- B to encourage student talking time
- **C** to develop written fluency
- **D** to develop higher order thinking skills

Teachers' comments

- 1. I'd like learners to evaluate their ideas at each step of making the design rather than leaving the analysis to the end.
- 2. I'll use fact files so learners can use the information in them to produce longer reports about the different music websites.
- 3. I'm going to use diagrams so learners can label different types of angles which they find difficult to remember.
- 4. Next week I'll give learners identification keys to consolidate the work they have done on different fruit and vegetables.
- **5.** Learners are going to practise giving each other positive feedback on their science experiments.
- 6. I'd like learners to imagine they were journalists who wrote about life one hundred years ago and then imagine who they would like to interview.
- 7. Learners have learned about farming around the world so next I want them to transfer information about the different farming methods into a table.

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